



Promacta® (eltrombopag) (Oral)

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I. Length of Authorization

Coverage is provided for three months and may be renewed.

- Aplastic Anemia: Use in first-line therapy is limited to a maximum of 6 months of treatment (i.e., may be renewed one time only).
- Chronic hepatitis C: use is limited to a maximum of 48 weeks of treatment (in combination with interferon)

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [Pharmacy Benefit]:

- 12.5 mg tablets 1 tablet per day
- 25 mg tablets 1 tablet per day
- 50 mg tablets 1 tablet per day
- 75 mg tablets 2 tablets per day
- 12.5 mg packet for oral suspension 1 packet per day
- 25 mg packet for oral suspension 3 packets per day

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [Medical Benefit]:

150 mg daily

III. Initial Approval Criteria¹

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

Universal Criteria

- Patient is not on any other thrombopoietin receptor agonist or mimetic (e.g., romiplostim, eltrombopag, lusutrombopag, etc.) or fostamtinib; **AND**
- Laboratory values are current (i.e., drawn within the previous 28 days); AND
- Eltrombopag is not being used to attempt to normalize platelet count; AND



Chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenia (ITP) †1,2,6,7,8,9,13

- Patient aged 1 year or older; AND
- Patient has had chronic ITP for at least 6 months (or meets the corticosteroid requirement below); **AND**
- Patient has previously failed any of the following treatments for ITP:
 - Patient has failed previous therapy with corticosteroids (i.e., patient had no response to at least a 3-month trial or is corticosteroid-dependent); OR
 - Patient has failed previous therapy with immunoglobulins; OR
 - Patient has had splenectomy; AND
- The patient is at increased risk for bleeding as indicated by platelet count of less than 30×10^9 /L $(30,000/\text{mm}^3)$

Chronic Hepatitis C-associated thrombocytopenia †1,10,11

- Patient aged 18 years or older; AND
- Patient will be initiating and/or continuing interferon-based therapy to treat chronic hepatitis C; **AND**
- Patient is diagnosed with thrombocytopenia as indicated by platelet count of less than 75 × 10⁹/L (75,000/mm³); **AND**
- The patient's degree of thrombocytopenia precludes administration of interferon-based therapy in the absence of eltrombopag
 - <u>Note</u>: safety and efficacy have not been established in combination with direct-acting antiviral agents used without interferon

Severe Aplastic Anemia †1,3,4,5,12,14

- Patient is diagnosed with severe aplastic anemia; AND
- Patient has one of the following:
 - o Patient has bone marrow (BM) cellularity < 25%; **OR**
 - Patient has bone marrow (BM) cellularity < 50% if < 30% of BM is hematopoietic cells; AND
- Patient has at least two (2) of the following:
 - o Peripheral blood neutrophil count < 0.5 x 10⁹/L
 - o Peripheral blood platelet count < 20 x 10⁹/L
 - Peripheral blood reticulocyte count < 20 x 10⁹/L; AND
- Used in first-line therapy; AND
 - o Patient aged 2 years or older: **AND**
 - o Patient has not received prior immunosuppressive therapy with antithymocyte globulin (ATG), alemtuzumab, or high-dose cyclophosphamide; **AND**
 - Used in combination with standard immunosuppresive therapy (i.e., antithymocyte globulin (ATG) and cyclosporine); OR



- Used in refractory disease; AND
 - o Patient aged 18 years or older; **AND**
 - Patient has had at least a 3-month trial and failed previous therapy with ONE immunosuppressive therapy such as antithymocyte globulin, cyclosporine, or cyclophosphamide.

Myelodysplastic Syndromes (MDS) ‡15,16,17

- Patient has lower risk disease [i.e., IPSS-R (Very Low, Low, Intermediate), IPSS (Low/Intermediate-1), WPSS (Very Low, Low, Intermediate)]; AND
- Patient has severe or refractory thrombocytopenia (i.e., platelet count <30 x 10⁹/L or higher with a history of bleeding); **AND**
- Patient progressed or had no response to hypomethylating agents (e.g., azacitadine, decitabine, etc.), immunosuppressive therapy, or clinical trial

† FDA Approved Indication(s); ‡ Compendia recommended indication(s)

IV. Renewal Criteria¹

Coverage can be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; AND
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: hepatic decompensation, hepatotoxicity (abnormal liver enzymes), thrombotic/thromboembolic complications (blood clots), cataracts, etc.; **AND**
- Platelet count (within the preceding 28 days) does not exceed 400 x 10⁹/L; **AND**

ITP

• Disease response indicated by the achievement and maintenance of a platelet count of at least 50×10^9 /L as necessary to reduce the risk for bleeding

Chronic Hepatitis C-associated thrombocytopenia

- Patient has not exceeded 48 weeks of therapy in combination with interferon; **AND**
- Continued administration is necessary in order to continue to receive interferon; AND

Aplastic Anemia

- First-line therapy:
 - o Patient has not received more than 6 months of treatment; AND
 - O Disease response indicated by two (2) or more of the following criteria on 2 consecutive serial blood count measurements at least one week apart:
 - Platelet count increases to 20 x 10⁹/L above baseline



- Hemoglobin greater than 10 g/dL
- ANC increase greater than 0.5 x 10⁹/L.
- Reticulocyte count greater than 60,000/mcL
- Refractory disease: response indicated by one (1) or more of the following criteria on 2 consecutive serial blood count measurements at least one week apart:
 - Platelet count increases to 20 x 10⁹/L above baseline, or stable platelet counts with transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks
 - Hemoglobin increase by greater than 1.5 g/dL, or a reduction in greater than or equal to 4 units of RBC transfusions for 8 consecutive weeks
 - ANC increase of 100% or an ANC increase greater than 0.5 x 109/L.
 - Reticulocyte count greater than 60,000/mcL

$MDS^{15,16,17}$

- Patient has not developed acute myeloid leukemia (AML); AND
- Disease response indicated by an increase in platelet count compared to pretreatment baseline, reduction in bleeding events, or reduction in platelet transfusion requirements

٧. **Dosage/Administration**

Indication	Dose	
ITP	 Pediatric patients aged 1-5 years: initiate at a dose of 25 mg daily Adults and pediatric patients 6 years and older: initiate at a dose of 50 mg daily. Decrease initial dose to 25 mg for patients of Asian ancestry or those with hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class A, B, C) Adjust to maintain platelet count greater than 50 x 109/L. Do not exceed 75mg daily. 	
Chronic Hepatitis C-associated thrombocytopenia	Administered in combination with an interferon-based regimen. Total	
Severe Aplastic Anemia (First-line therapy)	 Age 2-5 years: 2.5 mg/kg once daily for 6 months. Total duration of treatment is 6 months. Age 6-11 years: 75 mg once daily for 6 months. Total duration of treatment is 6 months. Age 12 years and older: 150 mg once daily for 6 months. Total duration of treatment is 6 months. Decrease dose by 50% for patients of Asian ancestry or those with hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class A, B, C) 	
Severe Refractory Aplastic Anemia	Initiate at 50 mg once daily. Adjust the dose in 50 mg increments every 2 weeks to maintain platelet count greater than 50 x 10 ld. Do not exceed 150 mg per day.	



	Decrease initial dose to 25 mg for patients of Asian ancestry or those with hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class A, B, C)	
MDS	Initiate at 100 mg per day. Do not exceed a maximum of 300 mg per day	
	Decrease dose by 50% for patients of Asian ancestry	

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS:

- J8499 Prescription drug, oral, non-chemotherapeutic, Not Otherwise Specified
- C9399 Unclassified drugs or biologicals (Hospital Outpatient Use ONLY)

NDC:

- 12.5 mg tablets: 00078-0684-xx
- 25 mg tablets: 00078-0685-xx
- 50 mg tablets: 00078-0686-xx
- 75 mg tablets: 00078-0687-xx
- 12.5 mg packet for oral suspension: 00078-0972-xx
- 25 mg packet for oral suspension: 00078-0697-xx

VII. References

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- 17. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) for eltrombopag. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2020. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to www.nccn.org/. Accessed January 2020.

Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description	
B18.2	Chronic viral hepatitis C	
C93.10	Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia not having achieved remission	
D46.0	Refractory anemia without ring sideroblasts, so stated	
D46.1	Refractory anemia with ring sideroblasts	
D46.20	Refractory anemia with excess of blasts, unspecified	



D46.21	Refractory anemia with excess of blasts 1	
D46.4	Refractory anemia, unspecified	
D46.9	Myelodysplastic syndrome, unspecified	
D46.A	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia	
D46.B	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia and ring sideroblasts	
D46.Z	Other myelodysplastic syndromes	
D61.3	Idiopathic aplastic anemia	
D61.9	Aplastic anemia, unspecified	
D69.3	Immune thrombocytopenic purpura	

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions				
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor		
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)		
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)		
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.		
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)		
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.		
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC		
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC		
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.		
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)		
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC		

