



Tecentriq® (atezolizumab) (Intravenous)

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I. Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided for six months and may be renewed.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC Unit]:

- Tecentriq 1,200 mg single-use vial: 1 vial per 21 days
- Tecentriq 840 mg single-use vial: 1 vials per 14 days

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Breast Cancer & Melanoma:

- 84 billable units every 14 days

Hepatocellular Carcinoma:

- 120 billable units every 21 days

All other indications:

- 168 billable units every 28 days

III. Initial Approval Criteria ¹

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

- Patient is at least 18 years of age; **AND**

Universal Criteria

- Patient has not received previous therapy with a programmed death (PD-1/PD-L1)-directed therapy (e.g., nivolumab, pembrolizumab, durvalumab, avelumab, cemiplimab, etc.) unless otherwise specified; **AND**

Urothelial Carcinoma (Bladder Cancer) † ^{1,4,6,7,10}

- Used as a single agent; **AND**

- Patient has one of the following diagnoses:
 - Locally advanced or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; **OR**
 - Local bladder cancer recurrence or persistent disease in a preserved bladder; **OR**
 - Local or metastatic bladder cancer recurrence post-cystectomy; **OR**
 - Primary carcinoma of the urethra; **AND**
 - Used for recurrent (*excluding recurrence of stage T3-4 disease or palpable inguinal lymph nodes*) or metastatic disease; **OR**
 - Used for stage T3-4, cN1-2 disease or cN1-2 palpable inguinal lymph nodes (first-line therapy only); **OR**
 - Metastatic upper genitourinary (GU) tract tumors; **OR**
 - Metastatic urothelial carcinoma of the prostate; **AND**
- Used as subsequent therapy after previous platinum*; **OR**
- Used as first-line therapy in cisplatin-ineligible patients*; **AND**
 - Patient is carboplatin-ineligible*; **OR**
 - Patient has a PD-L1 expression of $\geq 5\%$ (*PD-L1 stained tumor-infiltrating immune cells [IC] covering $\geq 5\%$ of the tumor area*) as determined by an FDA-approved or CLIA-compliant test❖

*** Note:**

- If platinum treatment occurred greater than 12 months ago, the patient should be re-treated with platinum-based therapy if the patient is still platinum eligible (see below for cisplatin- or carboplatin-ineligible comorbidities).
 - Cisplatin-ineligible comorbidities may include the following: *GFR < 60 mL/min, PS ≥ 2 , hearing loss of ≥ 25 decibels (dB) at two contiguous frequencies, or grades ≥ 2 peripheral neuropathy. Carboplatin may be substituted for cisplatin particularly in those patients with a GFR < 60 mL/min or a PS of 2.*
 - Carboplatin-ineligible comorbidities may include the following: *CrCl < 30 mL/min, PS ≥ 3 , grade ≥ 3 peripheral neuropathy, or NYHA class ≥ 3 , etc.*

Breast Cancer † ^{1,6,13,20}

- Used in combination with albumin-bound paclitaxel; **AND**
- Patient has unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic triple-negative disease (TNBC); **AND**
- Patient has a PD-L1 expression (*PD-L1 stained tumor-infiltrating immune cells [IC] of any intensity covering $\geq 1\%$ of the tumor area*) as determined by an FDA-approved or CLIA-compliant test❖

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) † § ^{1,5,6,8,11,12,17}

- Patient has recurrent, advanced, or metastatic disease (excluding locoregional recurrence or symptomatic local disease without evidence of disseminated disease) or mediastinal lymph node recurrence with prior radiation therapy; **AND**
 - Used as first-line therapy; **AND**

- Used for EGFR, ALK, ROS1, BRAF, MET exon 14 skipping mutation, and RET rearrangement negative* tumors and PD-L1 $\geq 50\%$ (*PD-L1 stained $\geq 50\%$ of tumor cells [TC $\geq 50\%$] or PD-L1 stained tumor-infiltrating immune cells [IC] covering $\geq 10\%$ of the tumor area [IC $\geq 10\%$]), as determined by an FDA-approved test or CLIA-compliant test❖; **AND**
 - Used as a single agent; **OR***
- Used for non-squamous disease as one of the following:
 - Used in patients with PS 0-1 for EGFR, ALK, ROS1, BRAF, MET exon 14 skipping mutation, and RET rearrangement negative* tumors and PD-L1 $<1\%$ (TC or IC $<1\%$)
 - Used in patients with PS 0-2 for EGFR, ALK, ROS1, BRAF, MET exon 14 skipping mutation, and RET rearrangement negative* tumors and PD-L1 $\geq 1\%$ (TC or IC $\geq 1\%$)
 - Used in patients with PS 0-1 for BRAF V600E-mutation, NTRK gene fusion, MET exon-14 skipping mutation, or RET rearrangement positive tumors; **AND**
 - Used in combination with carboplatin, paclitaxel, and bevacizumab; **OR**
 - Used in combination with carboplatin and albumin-bound paclitaxel; **OR**
- Used as subsequent therapy; **AND**
 - Used as a single agent; **OR**
 - Used for non-squamous disease as one of the following:
 - Used in patients with PS 0-1 for BRAF V600E-mutation, NTRK gene fusion, MET exon-14 skipping mutation, or RET rearrangement positive tumors
 - Used in patients with PS 0-1 EGFR, ALK, or ROS1 positive tumors and prior targeted therapy§; **AND**
 - Used in combination with carboplatin, paclitaxel, and bevacizumab; **OR**
 - Used in combination with carboplatin and albumin-bound paclitaxel; **OR**
- Used as continuation maintenance therapy in patients who have achieved a tumor response or stable disease following initial therapy; **AND**
 - Used in combination with bevacizumab following a first-line regimen with atezolizumab, carboplatin, paclitaxel, and bevacizumab for non-squamous histology; **OR**
 - Used as a single agent following a first-line regimen with atezolizumab, carboplatin, and albumin-bound paclitaxel for non-squamous histology; **OR**
 - Used as a single agent following a first-line regimen with single agent atezolizumab

** Note: If there is insufficient issue to allow testing for all of the RET, MET, EGFR, ALK, ROS1, and BRAF, repeat biopsy and/or plasma testing should be done. If these are not feasible, treatment is guided by available results and, if unknown, these patients are treated as though they do not have driver oncogenes.*

Small Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC) † † 1,6,14,18

- Patient has extensive stage disease (ES-SCLC) (*excluding patients with poor PS 3-4 not due to SCLC*); **AND**
 - Used as first-line therapy in combination with etoposide and carboplatin; **OR**
 - Used as single-agent maintenance therapy after initial therapy with etoposide and carboplatin

Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) † 6,15,16

- Used as first-line therapy in combination with bevacizumab; **AND**
- Patient has Child-Pugh Class A disease; **AND**
- Patient has locally advanced, unresectable, inoperable, or metastatic disease

Cutaneous Melanoma † † 1,21

- Patient is BRAF V600 mutation-positive as detected by FDA approved or CLIA compliant test❖; **AND**
- Patient has unresectable or metastatic disease; **AND**
- Used as first-line therapy in combination with cobimetinib and vemurafenib

❖ *If confirmed using an FDA approved assay - <http://www.fda.gov/companiondiagnostics>*

† FDA Approved Indication(s); ‡ Compendia Recommended Indication(s); † Orphan Drug

Genomic Aberration/Mutational Driver Targeted Therapies (Note: <i>not all inclusive, refer to guidelines for appropriate use</i>) §
Sensitizing <i>EGFR</i> mutation-positive tumors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Afatinib – Erlotinib – Dacomitinib – Gefitinib – Osimertinib
<i>ALK</i> rearrangement-positive tumors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Alectinib – Brigatinib – Ceritinib – Crizotinib – Lorlatinib
<i>ROS1</i> rearrangement-positive tumors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ceritinib – Crizotinib – Entrectinib
<i>BRAF</i> V600E-mutation positive tumors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Dabrafenib ± Trametinib – Vemurafenib
<i>NTRK</i> Gene Fusion positive tumors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Larotrectinib

– Entrectinib
PD-1/PD-L1 expression-positive tumors ($\geq 1\%$)
– Pembrolizumab
– Atezolizumab
– Nivolumab \pm ipilimumab
<i>MET</i> Exon-14 skipping mutations
– Capmatinib
– Crizotinib
<i>RET</i> rearrangement-positive tumors
– Selpercatinib
– Cabozantinib
– Vandetanib

IV. Renewal Criteria ^{1,4-8,10-16}

Coverage can be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Disease response with treatment as defined by stabilization of disease or decrease in size of tumor or tumor spread; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: immune-mediated adverse reactions (e.g., pneumonitis, hepatitis, colitis, endocrinopathies, etc.), severe infections, severe infusion-related reactions, etc.

Continuation Maintenance Therapy for NSCLC or SCLC

- *Refer to Section III for criteria*

V. Dosage/Administration ^{1,16}

Indication	Dose
Triple Negative Breast Cancer (TNBC)	Administer 840 mg intravenously on days 1 and 15 of a 28-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
Urothelial Carcinoma (UC)	The recommended dosage is administered intravenously until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 840 mg every 2 weeks or – 1200 mg every 3 weeks or – 1680 mg every 4 weeks
Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	<p><u>Single Agent</u></p> <p>The recommended dosage is administered intravenously until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 840 mg every 2 weeks or – 1200 mg every 3 weeks or – 1680 mg every 4 weeks <p><u>Combination Therapy</u></p> <p>The recommended dosage is administered intravenously:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 1200 mg every 3 weeks; then revert to single-agent therapy dosing after completion of 4-6 cycles of combination therapy
Small-Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC)	<p><u>Combination Therapy with carboplatin and etoposide</u></p> <p>The recommended dosage is administered intravenously:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 1200 mg every 3 weeks; then revert to single-agent therapy dosing after completion of 4 cycles of carboplatin and etoposide <p><u>Single Agent Maintenance Therapy</u></p> <p>The recommended dosage is administered intravenously until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 840 mg every 2 weeks or – 1200 mg every 3 weeks or – 1680 mg every 4 weeks
Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC)	Administer 1200 mg intravenously every 3 weeks until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.
Cutaneous Melanoma	Administer 840 mg intravenously every 2 weeks until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity. <i>*Prior to initiating TECENTRIQ, patients should receive a 28 day treatment cycle of cobimetinib 60 mg orally once daily (21 days on and 7 days off) and vemurafenib 960 mg orally twice daily from Days 1-21 and vemurafenib 720 mg orally twice daily from Days 22-28.</i>

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS Code:

- J9022 – Injection, atezolizumab, 10 mg; 10 mg = 1 billable unit

NDC:

- Tecentriq 1200 mg/20 mL single-dose vial: 50242-0917-xx
- Tecentriq 840 mg/14 mL single-dose vial: 50242-0918-xx

VII. References

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Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C22.0	Liver cell carcinoma
C22.8	Malignant neoplasm of liver, primary, unspecified as to type
C22.9	Malignant neoplasm of liver, not specified as primary or secondary
C33	Malignant neoplasm of trachea
C34.00	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified main bronchus
C34.01	Malignant neoplasm of right main bronchus
C34.02	Malignant neoplasm of left main bronchus
C34.10	Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, unspecified bronchus or lung
C34.11	Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, right bronchus or lung
C34.12	Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, left bronchus or lung
C34.2	Malignant neoplasm of middle lobe, bronchus or lung
C34.30	Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, unspecified bronchus or lung
C34.31	Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, right bronchus or lung
C34.32	Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, left bronchus or lung
C34.80	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified bronchus and lung
C34.81	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right bronchus and lung
C34.82	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left bronchus and lung
C34.90	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of unspecified bronchus or lung
C34.91	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of right bronchus or lung
C34.92	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of left bronchus or lung
C43.0	Malignant melanoma of lip
C43.10	Malignant melanoma of unspecified eyelid, including canthus
C43.111	Malignant melanoma of right upper eyelid, including canthus
C43.112	Malignant melanoma of right lower eyelid, including canthus
C43.121	Malignant melanoma of left upper eyelid, including canthus
C43.122	Malignant melanoma of left lower eyelid, including canthus
C43.20	Malignant melanoma of unspecified ear and external auricular canal

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C43.21	Malignant melanoma of right ear and external auricular canal
C43.22	Malignant melanoma of left ear and external auricular canal
C43.30	Malignant melanoma of unspecified part of face
C43.31	Malignant melanoma of nose
C43.39	Malignant melanoma of other parts of face
C43.4	Malignant melanoma of scalp and neck
C43.51	Malignant melanoma of anal skin
C43.52	Malignant melanoma of skin of breast
C43.59	Malignant melanoma of other part of trunk
C43.60	Malignant melanoma of unspecified upper limb, including shoulder
C43.61	Malignant melanoma of right upper limb, including shoulder
C43.62	Malignant melanoma of left upper limb, including shoulder
C43.70	Malignant melanoma of unspecified lower limb, including hip
C43.71	Malignant melanoma of right lower limb, including hip
C43.72	Malignant melanoma of left lower limb, including hip
C43.8	Malignant melanoma of overlapping sites of skin
C43.9	Malignant melanoma of skin, unspecified
C50.011	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right female breast
C50.012	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left female breast
C50.019	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified female breast
C50.021	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right male breast
C50.022	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left male breast
C50.029	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified male breast
C50.111	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right female breast
C50.112	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left female breast
C50.119	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified female breast
C50.121	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right male breast
C50.122	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left male breast
C50.129	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified male breast
C50.211	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right female breast
C50.212	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left female breast
C50.219	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.221	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right male breast
C50.222	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left male breast

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C50.229	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.311	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right female breast
C50.312	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left female breast
C50.319	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.321	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right male breast
C50.322	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left male breast
C50.329	Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.411	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.412	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.419	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.421	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right male breast
C50.422	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left male breast
C50.429	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.511	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.512	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.519	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.521	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right male breast
C50.522	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left male breast
C50.529	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast
C50.611	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right female breast
C50.612	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left female breast
C50.619	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified female breast
C50.621	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right male breast
C50.622	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left male breast
C50.629	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified male breast
C50.811	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right female breast
C50.812	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left female breast
C50.819	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified female breast
C50.821	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right male breast
C50.822	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left male breast
C50.829	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified male breast
C50.911	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right female breast
C50.912	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left female breast
C50.919	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified female breast

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C50.921	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right male breast
C50.922	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left male breast
C50.929	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified male breast
C61	Malignant neoplasm of prostate
C65.1	Malignant neoplasm of right renal pelvis
C65.2	Malignant neoplasm of left renal pelvis
C65.9	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified renal pelvis
C66.1	Malignant neoplasm of right ureter
C66.2	Malignant neoplasm of left ureter
C66.9	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified ureter
C67.0	Malignant neoplasm of trigone of bladder
C67.1	Malignant neoplasm of dome of bladder
C67.2	Malignant neoplasm of lateral wall of bladder
C67.3	Malignant neoplasm of anterior wall of bladder
C67.4	Malignant neoplasm of posterior wall of bladder
C67.5	Malignant neoplasm of bladder neck
C67.6	Malignant neoplasm of ureteric orifice
C67.7	Malignant neoplasm of urachus
C67.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of bladder
C67.9	Malignant neoplasm of bladder, unspecified
C68.0	Malignant neoplasm of urethra
C7A.1	Malignant poorly differentiated neuroendocrine tumors
C78.00	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified lung
C78.01	Secondary malignant neoplasm of right lung
C78.02	Secondary malignant neoplasm of left lung
C79.31	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain
C79.51	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone
C79.52	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone marrow
D09.0	Carcinoma in situ of bladder
Z85.118	Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of bronchus and lung
Z85.3	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of breast
Z85.51	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of bladder
Z85.59	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of other urinary tract organ

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD), Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs), and Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA):

Jurisdiction(s): J&M	NCD/LCD/Article Document (s): A56141
https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/article-date-search.aspx?DocID=A56141&bc=gAAAAAAAAAAAA	

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC