

# Vidaza<sup>®</sup> (azacitidine) (Intravenous/Subcutaneous)

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### I. Length of Authorization <sup>1</sup>

Coverage will be provided for 6 months and may be renewed, unless otherwise specified.

• Coverage for Juvenile Myelomonocytic Leukemia (JMML) may not be renewed.

### II. Dosing Limits

- A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [ NDC Unit]:
  - Vidaza 100 mg single-dose vials: 21 vials per 28 day cycle
- B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [ HCPCS Unit]:
  - All indications: 2,100 billable units every 28 days

### III. Initial Approval Criteria<sup>1</sup>

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

• Patient is at least 18 years of age, unless otherwise specified; AND

### Universal Criteria<sup>1</sup>

- Patient does not have advanced malignant hepatic tumors; AND
- Patient does not have a hypersensitivity to mannitol; AND

### Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS) † $\Phi$ <sup>1-3</sup>

### Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) ‡ 2,4

Myelofibrosis (MF) ‡<sup>2</sup>

### MDS/MPN Overlap Neoplasms ‡ 2,3

### Blastic Plasmacytoid Dendritic Cell Neoplasm (BPDCN) ‡ <sup>2</sup>

• Used in combination with venetoclax



#### Juvenile Myelomonocytic Leukemia (JMML) † $\Phi^{1}$

- Patient is 1 month to < 18 years of age; AND
- Used as single agent therapy for newly diagnosed disease

FDA Approved Indication(s); Compendia Recommended Indication(s); Orphan Drug

#### IV. Renewal Criteria<sup>1</sup>

Coverage may be renewed based on the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: severe cytopenias (anemia, neutropenia and thrombocytopenia), severe hepatic and renal toxicities, tumor lysis syndrome, etc.; **AND**
- Disease response with treatment as defined by stabilization of disease or decrease in size of tumor or tumor spread

#### Juvenile Myelomonocytic Leukemia (JMML)

• Coverage may not be renewed.

#### V. Dosage/Administration <sup>1,2,4</sup>

Indication	Dose
Myelodysplastic Syndromes (MDS)	<ul> <li>Administer 75 mg/m<sup>2</sup> subcutaneously or intravenously daily for 7 days. Repeat cycle every 4 weeks.</li> <li>The dose may be increased to 100 mg/m<sup>2</sup> if no beneficial effect is seen after 2 treatment cycles.</li> <li>A minimum of 4 to 6 cycles are recommended. Treatment may be continued as long as the patient continues to benefit.</li> </ul>
Acute Myelogenous Leukemia (AML)/ Myelofibrosis (MF)/ MDS/MPN Overlap Neoplasms/ Blastic Plasmacytoid Dendritic Cell Neoplasm (BPDCN)	Administer 75 mg/m <sup>2</sup> subcutaneously or intravenously daily for 5 to 7 days. Repeat cycle every 4 weeks.
Juvenile Myelomonocytic Leukemia (JMML)	<ul> <li>≥ 1 month of age to &lt; 1 year of age OR weighing &lt; 10 kg:</li> <li>Administer 2.5 mg/kg by intravenous infusion daily for 7 days.</li> <li>Repeat cycle every 4 weeks.</li> <li>≥ 1 year of age AND weighing ≥ 10 kg:</li> <li>Administer 75 mg/m² by intravenous infusion daily for 7 days.</li> <li>Repeat cycle every 4 weeks.</li> </ul>

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### VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

### HCPCS Code:

• J9025 – Injection, azacitidine, 1 mg: 1 billable unit = 1 mg

## NDC:

• Vidaza\* 100mg single-dose vial powder injection: 59572-0102-xx

\*Note: available generically through various manufacturers

## VII. References

- 1. Vidaza [package insert]. Summit, NJ; Celgene Corporation; September 2022. Accessed April 2023.
- 2. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) for azacitidine. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2023. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed April 2023.
- 3. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) for Myelodysplastic Syndromes 1.2023. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2023. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed April 2023.
- 4. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) for Acute Myeloid Leukemia 3.2023. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2023. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed April 2023.
- 5. Swerdlow SH, Campo E, Harris NL, et al., editors. WHO Classification of Tumours of Haematopoietic and Lymphoid Tissues. Lyon, France: IARC; 2008.
- Niemeyer CM, Flotho C, Lipka DB, et al. Response to upfront azacitidine in juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia in the AZA-JMML-001 trial. Blood Adv. 2021 Jul 27;5(14):2901-2908. doi: 10.1182/bloodadvances.2020004144.



### Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description	
C86.4	Blastic NK-cell lymphoma	
C92.00	Acute myeloblastic leukemia not having achieved remission	
C92.01	Acute myeloblastic leukemia in remission	
C92.02	Acute myeloblastic leukemia, in relapse	
C92.20	Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, BCR/ABL-negative, not having achieved remission	
C92.22	Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, BCR/ABL-negative, in relapse	
C92.50	Acute myelomonocytic leukemia not having achieved remission	
C92.51	Acute myelomonocytic leukemia in remission	
C92.52	Acute myelomonocytic leukemia, in relapse	
C92.60	Acute myeloid leukemia with 11q23-abnormality not having achieved remission	
C92.61	Acute myeloid leukemia with 11q23-abnormality in remission	
C92.62	Acute myeloid leukemia with 11q23-abnormality, in relapse	
C92.A0	Acute myeloid leukemia with multilineage dysplasia not having achieved remission	
C92.A1	Acute myeloid leukemia with multilineage dysplasia in remission	
C92.A2	Acute myeloid leukemia with multilineage dysplasia, in relapse	
C93.00	Acute monoblastic/monocytic leukemia not having achieved remission	
C93.01	Acute monoblastic/monocytic leukemia in remission	
C93.02	Acute monoblastic/monocytic leukemia, in relapse	
C93.10	Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia not having achieved remission	
C93.11	Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia, in remission	
C93.12	Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia, in relapse	
C93.3	Juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia	
C94.40	Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis, not having achieved remission	
C94.41	Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis, in remission	
C94.42	Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis, in relapse	
C94.6	Myelodysplastic disease, not classified	
D46.0	Refractory anemia without ring sideroblasts, so stated	
D46.1	Refractory anemia with ring sideroblasts	
D46.20	Refractory anemia with excess of blasts, unspecified	
D46.21	Refractory anemia with excess of blasts 1	
D46.22	Refractory anemia with excess of blasts 2	
D46.4	Refractory anemia, unspecified	
D46.9	Myelodysplastic syndrome, unspecified	
D46.A	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia	
D46.B	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia and ring sideroblasts	
D46.C	Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) chromosomal abnormality	

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ICD-10	ICD-10 Description	
D46.Z	Other myelodysplastic syndromes	
D47.1	Chronic myeloproliferative disease	
D47.4	Osteomyelofibrosis	
D75.81	Other and unspecified diseases of blood and blood-forming organs, myelofibrosis	

#### Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD), Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <u>https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx</u>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions				
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor		
E (1)	CA,HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)		
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)		
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.		
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)		
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.		
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC		
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC		
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.		
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)		
15	КҮ, ОН	CGS Administrators, LLC		

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