



Remicade® (infliximab)

Last Review Date: 3/25/2014 **Date of Origin:** 07/20/2010

Dates Reviewed: 09/2010, 12/2012, 2/2011, 03/2011, 06/2011, 09/2011, 10/2011, 12/2011, 03/2012, 6/19/2012, 09/06/2012, 11/01/2012, 12/06/2012, 03/07/2013, 06/06/2013, 09/05/2013, 12/05/2013, 3/25/2014

Prior Auth Available:

√ | Post-service edit:

Medical Necessity Criteria Number: IC-0104

The medical necessity criteria were developed by ICORE Healthcare for the purpose of making clinical review determinations for requests for medications commonly used in various diseases. The clinical disciplines of oncology, hematology, rheumatology, neurology, internal medicine, pharmacy and nursing were consulted as part of the criteria development. The development followed an extensive literature search pertaining to established clinical guidelines and accepted prescribing patterns for each individual drug. The indications for the medications are consistent with FDA approved indications, CMS coverage guidelines, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines and/or other published peer reviewed research literature.

I. Medication Description:

Remicade® (Infliximab) is a tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocker indicated to reduce the signs and symptoms, inhibiting the progression of structural damage, and improving physical function in adult patients with moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis (RA) in combination with methotrexate, active psoriatic arthritis, active ankylosing spondylitis, chronic severe (i.e., extensive and/or disabling) plaque psoriasis (PsO). Remicade® (Infliximab) is indicated to reduce signs and inducing and maintaining clinical remission in adult and pediatric patients with moderately to severely active crohn's disease (CD) and reducing the number of draining enterocutaneous and rectovaginal fistulas and maintaining fistula closure in adult patients with fistulizing disease. Remicade® (Infliximab) is indicated to reduce signs and symptoms and inducing and maintaining clinical remission in pediatric patients with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis (UC). Remicade® (Infliximab) is indicated to reduce signs and symptoms, inducing and maintaining clinical remission and mucosal healing, and eliminating corticosteroid use in adult patients with moderately to severely active crohn's disease (CD).

II. Length of Authorization:

Coverage is provided for 6 months and may be renewed

III. Review Criteria:

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

Crohn's disease †

- Adult patient (18 years or older); AND
- Documented moderate to severe disease; AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND
- Documented trial and failure on ONE conventional oral agent for at least 3 months, unless use is contraindicated, such as as mesalamine, corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine or azathioprine; AND
- Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Pediatric Crohn's disease †

- Patient at least 6 years of age; AND
- o Documented moderate to severe disease; AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND





Medical Necessity Criteria

Number: IC-0104

- Documented trial and failure on ONE conventional oral agent for at least 3 months, unless use is contraindicated, such as as mesalamine, corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine or azathioprine; AND
- Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Ulcerative colitis†

- Adult patient (18 years or older); AND
- Documented moderate to severe disease; AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND
- Documented trial and failure on ONE conventional oral therapy such as corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine or azathioprine; AND
- Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Pediatric Ulcerative colitis†

- o Patient at least 6 years of age; AND
- Documented moderate to severe disease; AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND
- Documented trial and failure on ONE conventional oral therapy such as corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine or azathioprine; AND
- Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Fistulizing Crohn's disease†

- Adult patient (18 years or older); AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND
- Documented trial and failure on ONE conventional oral therapy such as corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine or azathioprine; AND
- o Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)†

- Adult patient (18 years or older); AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND
- Documented moderate to severe disease; AND
- Patient has had at least a 3 month trial and failed previous therapy with ONE oral disease modifying antirheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, Imuran, Ridaura, Plaquenil, Cuprimine, Azulfidine, or Arava; AND
- Previous failure with preferred self-injectable TNF antagonist; AND
- Used in combination with methotrexate (MTX) unless contraindicated; AND
- Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Psoriatic Arthritis†

- o Adult patient (18 years or older); AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND
- Documented moderate to severe active disease; AND





Medical Necessity Criteria

Number: IC-0104

- Patient has tried and failed at least a 3 month trial of ONE oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, or hydroxychloroquine; AND
- o Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Ankylosing Spondylitis†

- Adult patient (18 years or older); AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND
- Documented active disease; AND
- Patient had an adequate trial and failure of at least TWO (2) non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents (NSAIDs), unless use is contraindicated; AND
- o Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Plaque psoriasis†

- o Documented moderate to severe chronic disease (for at least 1 year); AND
- Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent TB infection prior to initiating treatment; AND
- Adult patient (18 years or older); AND
- Patient must have plaques covering ≥ 10% of their body surface area or <10% of BSA, but with involvement of palms, soles, head and neck, or genitalia which causes disruption of normal activities;
 AND
- Topical therapy is no longer tolerated or effective with agents such as corticosteroids, anthralin, calcipotriene, or tazarotene; AND
- Previous treatment failure with phototherapy: (Psoralens with UVA light (PUVA) OR UVB with coal tar or dithranol; AND
- Patient is a candidate for systemic therapy (i.e., Acitretin, methotrexate, or cyclosporine) with adequate trial and failure or intolerance to treatment; AND
 Not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor

Uveitis Associated with Behcet's Syndrome

Patient's disease is refractory to immunosuppressive therapy

†FDA Approved Indication(s)

IV. Renewal Criteria:

Coverage can be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- o Patient continues to meet criteria identified in section III; AND
- Disease response; AND
- o Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug

V. <u>Dosage/Administration:</u>

Indication	Dose
Rheumatoid Arthritis	Up to 10mg/kg every 4 weeks
Crohn's Disease	Up to 10mg/kg every 8 weeks
Ankylosing Spondylitis	Up to 5mg/kg every 6 weeks





Medical Necessity Criteria

Number: IC-0104

All other indications

Up to 5mg/kg every 8 weeks

Loading Dose:

RA – 3mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, 6 and then every 8 week thereafter Ankylosing spondylitis – 5mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, 6 and then every 6 weeks after All other indications – 5mg/kg at weeks 0, 2, 6 and then every 8 week thereafter

VI. <u>Billing/Code Information:</u>

<u>JCode:</u>

J1745 – Remicade (Janssen) 100mg vial injection: 1 billable unit = 10 mg

Max Units:

Loading Dose:

Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)

Male 40 billable units at weeks 0, 2, 6
Female 30 billable units at weeks 0, 2, 6

All other indications

Male 60 billable units at weeks 0, 2, 6 Female 50 billable units at weeks 0, 2, 6

Maintenance Dose:

Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)

Male 100 billable units every 4 weeks
Female 80 billable units every 4 weeks

Crohn's Disease

Male 100 billable units every 8 weeks
Female 80 billable units every 8 weeks

Ankylosing spondylitis

Male 60 billable units every 6 weeksFemale 50 billable units every 6 weeks

All other indications

Male60 billable units every 8 weeksFemale50 billable units every 8 weeks

Covered Diagnosis:

ICD-9 Codes	Diagnosis
136.1	Behcet's syndrome





Medical Necessity Criteria Number: IC-0104

363.20	Chorioretinitis, unspecified	
555.0	Regional enteritis of small intestine	
555.1	Regional enteritis of large intestine	
555.2	Regional enteritis of small intestine with large intestine	
555.9	Regional enteritis of unspecified site	
556.0	Ulcerative (chronic) enterocolitis	
556.1	Ulcerative (chronic) ileocolitis	
556.2	Ulcerative (chronic) proctitis	
556.3	Ulcerative (chronic) proctosigmoiditis	
556.5	Pseudopolyposis of colon	
556.6	Left-sided ulcerative (chronic) colitis	
556.8	Universal ulcerative (chronic) colitis	
556.9	Other ulcerative colitis	
696.0	Psoriatic arthropathy	
696.1	Other psoriasis	
714.0	Rheumatoid arthritis	
714.1	Felty's syndrome	
714.2	Other rheumatoid arthritis with visceral or systemic involvement	
714.4	Chronic postrheumatic arthropathy	
714.81	Rheumatoid lung	
714.89	Other specified inflammatory polyarthropathies	
714.9	Unspecified inflammatory polyarthropathy	
720.0	Ankylosing spondylitis	

VII. <u>Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS):</u>

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD):

Jurisdiction(s): 10 (J)	NCD/LCD Document (s): L30030	
ICD-9 Codes	Diagnosis	
555.0 - 555.2	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF SMALL INTESTINE - REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF	
	SMALL INTESTINE WITH LARGE INTESTINE	
555.9	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF UNSPECIFIED SITE	





Medical Necessity Criteria

Number: IC-0104

556.0 - 556.9	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) ENTEROCOLITIS - ULCERATIVE COLITIS UNSPECIFIED	
565.1	ANAL FISTULA	
569.81	FISTULA OF INTESTINE EXCLUDING RECTUM AND ANUS	
569.9	UNSPECIFIED DISORDER OF INTESTINE	
619.1	DIGESTIVE-GENITAL TRACT FISTULA FEMALE	
696.0	PSORIATIC ARTHROPATHY	
696.1	OTHER PSORIASIS AND SIMILAR DISORDERS	
711.10 - 711.49	ARTHROPATHY SITE UNSPECIFIED ASSOCIATED WITH REITER'S DISEASE AND NONSPECIFIC URETHRITIS - ARTHROPATHY INVOLVING MULTIPLE SITES ASSOCIATED WITH OTHER BACTERIAL DISEASES	
713.1	ARTHROPATHY ASSOCIATED WITH GASTROINTESTINAL CONDITIONS OTHER THAN INFECTIONS	
714.0	RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS	
714.1	FELTY'S SYNDROME	
714.2	OTHER RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS WITH VISCERAL OR SYSTEMIC INVOLVEMENT	
714.30 - 714.33	CHRONIC OR UNSPECIFIED POLYARTICULAR JUVENILE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS - MONOARTICULAR JUVENILE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS	
714.4	CHRONIC POSTRHEUMATIC ARTHROPATHY	
714.81	RHEUMATOID LUNG	
720.0	ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS	
720.81	INFLAMMATORY SPONDYLOPATHIES IN DISEASES CLASSIFIED ELSEWHERE	

Jurisdiction(s): 5, 8	NCD/LCD Document (s): L32013
ICD-9 Codes	Diagnosis
135	SARCOIDOSIS
136.1	BEHCET'S SYNDROME
364.00 – 364.24	ACUTE AND SUBACUTE IRIDOCYCLITIS UNSPECIFIED - VOGT-KOYANAGI SYNDROME
364.3	UNSPECIFIED IRIDOCYCLITIS
425.8	CARDIOMYOPATHY IN OTHER DISEASES CLASSIFIED ELSEWHERE
517.8	LUNG INVOLVEMENT IN OTHER DISEASES CLASSIFIED ELSEWHERE
555.0 - 555.9	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF SMALL INTESTINE - REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF UNSPECIFIED SITE
556.0 - 556.9	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) ENTEROCOLITIS - ULCERATIVE COLITIS UNSPECIFIED
696.0	PSORIATIC ARTHROPATHY
696.1	OTHER PSORIASIS AND SIMILAR DISORDERS





Medical Necessity Criteria

Number: IC-0104

714.0	RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS
714.1	FELTY'S SYNDROME
714.2	OTHER RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS WITH VISCERAL OR SYSTEMIC
/ 14.2	INVOLVEMENT
714.30 - 714.33	CHRONIC OR UNSPECIFIED POLYARTICULAR JUVENILE RHEUMATOID
	ARTHRITIS - MONOARTICULAR JUVENILE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS
720.0	ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS

Jurisdiction(s): 9 (N)	NCD/LCD Document (s): L29198; L29440	
ICD-9 Codes	Diagnosis	
555.0	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF SMALL INTESTINE	
555.1	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF LARGE INTESTINE	
555.2	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF SMALL INTESTINE WITH LARGE INTESTINE	
555.9	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF UNSPECIFIED SITE	
556.0	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) ENTEROCOLITIS	
556.1	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) ILEOCOLITIS	
556.2	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) PROCTITIS	
556.3	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) PROCTOSIGMOIDITIS	
556.5	LEFT-SIDED ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) COLITIS	
556.6	UNIVERSAL ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) COLITIS	
556.8	OTHER ULCERATIVE COLITIS	
556.9	ULCERATIVE COLITIS UNSPECIFIED	
565.1	ANAL FISTULA	
569.81	FISTULA OF INTESTINE EXCLUDING RECTUM AND ANUS	
696.0	PSORIATIC ARTHROPATHY	
696.1	OTHER PSORIASIS AND SIMILAR DISORDERS	
714.0	RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS	
714.2	OTHER RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS WITH VISCERAL OR SYSTEMIC INVOLVEMENT	
720.0	ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS	

Jurisdiction(s): 6,K	NCD/LCD Document (s): A46764	
ICD-9 Codes	Diagnosis	
135	SARCOIDOSIS	
364.00	ACUTE AND SUBACUTE IRIDOCYCLITIS UNSPECIFIED	
364.01	PRIMARY IRIDOCYCLITIS	
364.02	RECURRENT IRIDOCYCLITIS	
364.03	SECONDARY IRIDOCYCLITIS INFECTIOUS	





Medical Necessity Criteria

Number: IC-0104

364.04	SECONDARY IRIDOCYCLITIS NONINFECTIOUS	
364.05	HYPOPYON	
364.10	CHRONIC IRIDOCYCLITIS UNSPECIFIED	
364.11	CHRONIC IRIDOCYCLITIS IN DISEASES CLASSIFIED ELSEWHERE	
364.21	FUCHS' HETEROCHROMIC CYCLITIS	
364.22	GLAUCOMATOCYCLITIC CRISES	
364.23	LENS-INDUCED IRIDOCYCLITIS	
364.24	VOGT-KOYANAGI SYNDROME	
364.3	UNSPECIFIED IRIDOCYCLITIS	
446.4	WEGENER'S GRANULOMATOSIS	
446.7	TAKAYASU'S DISEASE	
555.0*	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF SMALL INTESTINE	
555.1*	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF LARGE INTESTINE	
555.2*	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF SMALL INTESTINE WITH LARGE INTESTINE	
555.9*	REGIONAL ENTERITIS OF UNSPECIFIED SITE	
556.0*	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) ENTEROCOLITIS	
556.1*	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) ILEOCOLITIS	
556.2*	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) PROCTITIS	
556.3*	ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) PROCTOSIGMOIDITIS	
556.4*	PSEUDOPOLYPOSIS OF COLON	
556.5*	LEFT-SIDED ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) COLITIS	
556.6*	UNIVERSAL ULCERATIVE (CHRONIC) COLITIS	
556.8*	OTHER ULCERATIVE COLITIS	
556.9*	ULCERATIVE COLITIS UNSPECIFIED	
696.0	PSORIATIC ARTHROPATHY	
696.1	OTHER PSORIASIS AND SIMILAR DISORDERS	
705.83	HIDRADENITIS	
714.0	RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS	
714.1	FELTY'S SYNDROME	
714.2	OTHER RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS WITH VISCERAL OR SYSTEMIC INVOLVEMENT	
714.30	CHRONIC OR UNSPECIFIED POLYARTICULAR JUVENILE RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS	
714.81	RHEUMATOID LUNG	
720.0	ANKYLOSING SPONDYLITIS	
727.00	SYNOVITIS AND TENOSYNOVITIS UNSPECIFIED	

686.01 must be reported with one of the diagnosis codes listed with a *(555.0-556.9)





Medical Necessity Criteria

Number: IC-0104

- Treatment for diagnoses not FDA approved
- All indications not described in Section III Review criteria are not covered and may be considered experimental or investigational.

IX. <u>Black Box Warnings/Contraindications:</u>

- Increased risk of serious infections leading to hospitalization or death, including tuberculosis (TB), bacterial sepsis, invasive fungal infections (such as histoplasmosis) and infections due to other opportunistic pathogens.
- Discontinue REMICADE if a patient develops a serious infection.
- o Perform test for latent TB; if positive, start treatment for TB prior to starting REMICADE. Monitor all patients for active TB during treatment, even if initial latent TB is negative.
- Lymphoma and other malignancies, some fatal, have been reported in children and adolescent patients treated with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blockers, including REMICADE
- o Postmarketing cases of fatal hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma (HSTCL) have been reported in patients treated with TNF blockers including REMICADE. All REMICADE cases were reported in patients with Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis, the majority of whom were adolescent or young adult males. All had received azathioprine or 6-mercaptopurine concomitantly with REMICADE at or prior to diagnosis.

X. References:

- 1. Remicade [package insert]. Horsham, PA; Janssen Biotech, Inc; November 2013. Accessed March 2014.
- 2. Present DH, Rutgeerts P, Targan S, et al. Infliximab for the treatment of fistulas in patients with Crohn's disease. N Engl J Med 1999;340:1398-1405.
- 3. Targan SR, Hanauer SB, van Deventer SJH, et al. A short-term study of chimeric monoclonal antibody cA2 to tumor necrosis factor alpha for Crohn's disease. N Engl J Med 1997;337:1029-35.
- 4. Hanauer SB, Fegan BG, Lichtenstein GR, et al. Maintenance infliximab for Crohn's disease: the ACCENT I randomized trial. Lancet 2002;359:1541-1549.
- 5. Singh JA, Furst DE, Bharat A, et al. 2012 update of the 2008 American College of Rheumatology recommendations for the use of disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs and biologic agents in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis. Arthritis Care Res (Hoboken). 2012 May;64(5):625-39.
- 6. Saag KG, Teng GG, Patkar NM, et al. American College of Rheumatology 2008 recommendations for the use of nonbiologic and biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs in rheumatoid arthritis. Arthritis Rheum 2008;59:762-84.
- 7. Antoni C, Krueger GG, de Vlam K, et al. Infliximab improves signs and symptoms of psoriatic arthritis: results of the IMPACT 2 trial. Ann Rheum Dis 2005;64:1150-7.
- 8. Menter A, Feldman SR, Weinstein GD, et al. A randomized comparison of continuous vs intermittent infliximab maintenance regimens over 1 year in the treatment of moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis. J Am Acad Dermatol 2007;56:31e1-15.
- 9. Niccoli L, Nannini C, Benucci M, Chindamo D, Cassarà E, Salvarani C, Cimino L, Gini G, Lenzetti I, Cantini F. Long-term efficacy of infliximab in refractory posterior uveitis of Behcet's disease: a 24-month follow-up study. Rheumatology (Oxford). 2007 Jul;46(7):1161-4. Epub 2007 May 3.





Medical Necessity Criteria

Number: IC-0104

- 10. Tugal-Tutkun I, Mudun A, Urgancioglu M, Kamali S, Kasapoglu E, Inanc M, Gül A. Efficacy of infliximab in the treatment of uveitis that is resistant to treatment with the combination of azathioprine, cyclosporine, and corticosteroids in Behçet's disease: an open-label trial. Arthritis Rheum. 2005 Aug;52(8):2478-84.
- 11. Lichtenstein GR, Hanauer SB, Sandborn WJ, Practice Parameters Committee of American College of Gastroenterology. Management of Crohn's disease in adults. Am J Gastroenterol. 2009;104(2):465.
- 12. Hsu S, Papp KA, Lebwohl MG, et al. Consensus guidelines for the management of plaque psoriasis. Arch Dermatol. 2012 Jan;148(1):95-102.
- 13. Cahaba Government Benefit Administrators, LLC. Local Coverage Determination (LCD): Drugs and Biologicals: Infliximab (REMICADE ®) (L30030). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Inc. Updated on 10/28/2011 with effective date 07/01/2011. AccessedMarch 2014.
- 14. Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corporation. Local Coverage Determination (LCD): Drugs and Biologics (Non-chemotherapy) (L32013). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Inc. Updated on 10/22/2013 with effective date 11/15/2013. Accessed March 2014.
- 15. First Coast Service Options, Inc. Local Coverage Determination (LCD): Infliximab (Remicade TM) (L29198; L29440). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Inc. Updated on 04/11/2012 with effective date 04/23/2012. Accessed March 2014.
- 16. National Government Services, Inc. Local Coverage Article: Paclitaxel Infliximab (e.g., Remicade™) Related to LCD L25820 (A46764). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Inc. Updated on 08/27/2013 with effective date 10/25/2013. Accessed March 2014.

XI. Appendix:

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E	CA,HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Administrative Services (NAS)
F	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Administrative Services (NAS)
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services (NGS)
Н	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service (WPS)
9 (N)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options
10 (J)	TN, GA, AL	Cahaba Government Benefit Administrators
11 (M)	NC, SC, VA, WV	Palmetto GBA
12 (L)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC	Novitas Solutions
K	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC