

Lenvima® (lenvatinib) (Oral)

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I. Length of Authorization

Coverage is provided for six months and may be renewed.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC Unit]:

LENVIMA capsules are supplied in cartons of 6 cards. Each card is a 5-day blister card as follows:

Strength	Quantity Limit
24 mg (ten 10 mg capsules and five 4 mg capsules per card)	1 carton every 30 days
20 mg (ten 10 mg capsules per card)	1 carton every 30 days
18 mg (five 10 mg capsules and ten 4 mg capsules per card)	1 carton every 30 days
14 mg (five 10 mg capsules and five 4 mg capsules per card)	1 carton every 30 days
12 mg (fifteen 4 mg capsules per card)	1 carton every 30 days
10 mg (five 10 mg capsules per card)	1 carton every 30 days
8 mg (ten 4 mg capsules per card)	1 carton every 30 days
4 mg (five 4 mg capsules per card)	1 carton every 30 days

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Indication	Max Units	Frequency
Thyroid Carcinoma	24 mg	Daily
Renal Cell Carcinoma	20 mg	Daily
Hepatocellular Carcinoma	- 12 mg if ≥ 60 kg - 8 mg if < 60 kg	Daily
Endometrial Carcinoma	20 mg	Daily
Thymic Carcinoma	24 mg	Daily

III. Initial Approval Criteria¹

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

- Patient is at least 18 years of age; **AND**

Universal Criteria ¹

- Patient's thyroid function has been assessed prior to initiating therapy and patient will receive ongoing monitoring during treatment; **AND**
- Patient will avoid coadministration with medicinal products that have a known potential to prolong the QT/QTc interval (e.g., Class Ia and III antiarrhythmics, etc.); **AND**

Thyroid Carcinoma (Follicular/Hürthle Cell/Papillary) † Φ ¹⁻⁴

- Patient's cancer is locally recurrent or unresectable, persistent or metastatic; **AND**
- Patient's cancer is progressive and/or symptomatic; **AND**
- Patient has failed prior treatment with radioactive iodine; **AND**
- Not in combination with other chemotherapy

Thyroid Carcinoma (Medullary) ‡ Φ ^{2,3}

- Patient has recurrent or persistent distant metastatic disease that is progressive or symptomatic; **AND**
 - Patient has failed prior treatment with vandetanib or cabozantinib; **OR**
 - Clinical trials or other systemic therapies with vandetanib or cabozantinib are not available and/or appropriate for the patient

Thyroid Carcinoma (Anaplastic) ‡ Φ ^{2,3}

- Used as single agent therapy; **AND**
- Patient has metastatic disease; **AND**
- Patient is not tolerating or has had no response to other recommended treatments; **AND**
- Used in patients without curative options; **AND**
- Used as first or second line therapy

Renal Cell Cancer (RCC) † ^{1,2,5,9}

- Patient has advanced, relapsed, or stage IV disease; **AND**
 - Used in combination with everolimus; **AND**
 - Used as subsequent therapy for clear cell histology; **OR**
 - Patient has predominantly non-clear cell histology; **OR**
 - Used in combination with pembrolizumab; **AND**
 - Patient has clear cell histology

Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) † Φ ^{1,2,6}

- Used as single agent therapy; **AND**
- Patient has Child-Pugh Class A disease (i.e., excludes Child-Pugh Class B or C disease); **AND**

- Patient has unresectable disease; **AND**
 - Used as first-line therapy; **OR**
 - Patient is not a transplant candidate; **OR**
- Patient is not a candidate for surgery or has local disease; **OR**
- Patient has metastatic disease or has an extensive liver tumor burden

Endometrial Carcinoma (Uterine Cancer) †^{1,2,7}

- Patient has advanced or recurrent disease that is NOT microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) or mismatch repair deficient (dMMR); **AND**
- Patient has disease progression following prior systemic therapy; **AND**
- Patient is not a candidate for curative surgery or radiation; **AND**
- Used in combination with pembrolizumab

Thymic Carcinoma ‡^{2,8}

- Used as a single agent; **AND**
 - Used, as first line therapy or postoperative treatment, in patients who are unable to tolerate first-line combination regimens; **OR**
 - Used as second-line therapy for unresectable or metastatic disease

† FDA-labeled indication(s), ‡ Compendia recommended indication(s); **Ⓢ** Orphan Drug

IV. Renewal Criteria¹

Coverage can be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Disease response with treatment as defined by stabilization of disease or decrease in size of tumor or tumor spread; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: life-threatening hypertension, severe cardiac dysfunction, hepatotoxicity, proteinuria/nephrotic syndrome, renal failure/impairment, gastrointestinal perforation/fistula formation, severe/recurrent diarrhea, severe QT interval prolongation (grade 3 or 4), Reversible Posterior Leukoencephalopathy Syndrome (RPLS), arterial thromboembolic events, hemorrhagic events, severe hypocalcemia, impaired wound healing, etc.

V. Dosage/Administration ^{1,8}

Indication	Dose
Thyroid Carcinoma	24 mg (two 10 mg capsules and one 4 mg capsule) orally once daily until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
RCC	<p><u>Combination with everolimus:</u> 18 mg (one 10 mg capsule and two 4 mg capsules) orally once daily (in combination with everolimus 5 mg orally once daily) until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity</p> <p><u>Combination with pembrolizumab:</u> 20 mg (two 10 mg capsules) orally once daily (in combination with pembrolizumab 200 mg IV every 3 weeks) until disease progression or until unacceptable toxicity for up to 24 months</p> <p><i>*After completing 24 months of combination therapy with pembrolizumab, LENVIMA may be administered as a single agent until disease progression or until unacceptable toxicity</i></p>
HCC	<p>Recommended dose is based on actual body weight taken orally, once daily until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 mg for patients greater than or equal to 60 kg or • 8 mg for patients less than 60 kg.
Endometrial Carcinoma	20 mg orally once daily (in combination with pembrolizumab 200 mg administered as an intravenous infusion every 3 weeks) until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
Thymic Carcinoma	24 mg (two 10 mg capsules and one 4 mg capsule) orally once daily until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCP/PCS Code:

- J8999 – Prescription drug, oral, chemotherapeutic, nos

NDC(s):

LENVIMA capsules are supplied in cartons of 6 cards. Each card is a 5-day blister card as follows:	
NDC	Strength
62856-0724-xx	24 mg (ten 10 mg capsules and five 4 mg capsules per card)
62856-0720-xx	20 mg (ten 10 mg capsules per card)
62856-0718-xx	18 mg (five 10 mg capsules and ten 4 mg capsules per card)
62856-0714-xx	14 mg (five 10 mg capsules and five 4 mg capsules per card)
62856-0712-xx	12 mg (fifteen 4 mg capsules per card)
62856-0710-xx	10 mg (five 10 mg capsules per card)
62856-0708-xx	8 mg (ten 4 mg capsules per card)
62856-0704-xx	4 mg (five 4 mg capsules per card)

VII. References

1. Lenvima [package insert]. Eisai, Woodcliff Lake, NJ; August 2021. Accessed August 2021.
2. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) for lenvatinib. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2021. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed August 2021.
3. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) Thyroid Carcinoma. Version 2.2020. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2020. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed November 2020.
4. Schlumberger M, Tahara M, Wirth LJ, et al. Lenvatinib versus placebo in radioiodine-refractory thyroid cancer. *N Engl J Med*. 2015 Feb 12;372(7):621-30.
5. Motzer RJ, Hutson TE, Glen H, et al. Lenvatinib, everolimus, and the combination in patients with metastatic renal cell carcinoma: a randomised, phase 2, open-label, multicentre trial. *Lancet Oncol*. 2015 Nov;16(15):1473-1482.
6. Kudo M, Finn RS, Qin S, et al. Lenvatinib versus sorafenib in first-line treatment of patients with unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma: a randomised phase 3 non-inferiority trial. *Lancet*. 2018 Mar 24;391(10126):1163-1173.
7. Makker V, Rasco D, Vogelzang NJ, et al. Lenvatinib plus pembrolizumab in patients with advanced endometrial cancer: an interim analysis of a multicentre, open-label, single-arm, phase 2 trial. *Lancet Oncol*. 2019 May;20(5):711-718.
8. Sato J, Satouchi M, Itoh S, et al. Lenvatinib in patients with advanced or metastatic thymic carcinoma (REMORA): a multicentre, phase 2 trial. *Lancet Oncol*. 2020 Jun;21(6):843-850.
9. Motzer R, Alekseev B, Rha S, et al. Lenvatinib plus Pembrolizumab or Everolimus for Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma. *N Engl J Med* 2021 Apr 8;384(14):1289-1300.

Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	Description
C22.0	Liver cell carcinoma
C22.8	Malignant neoplasm of liver, primary, unspecified as to type
C22.9	Malignant neoplasm of liver, not specified as primary or secondary
C37	Malignant neoplasm of thymus

ICD-10	Description
C54.0	Malignant neoplasm of isthmus uteri
C54.1	Malignant neoplasm of endometrium
C54.2	Malignant neoplasm of myometrium
C54.3	Malignant neoplasm of fundus uteri
C54.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of corpus uteri
C54.9	Malignant neoplasm of corpus uteri, unspecified
C55	Malignant neoplasm of uterus, part unspecified
C64.1	Malignant neoplasm of right kidney, except renal pelvis
C64.2	Malignant neoplasm of left kidney, except renal pelvis
C64.9	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified kidney, except renal pelvis
C65.1	Malignant neoplasm of right renal pelvis
C65.2	Malignant neoplasm of left renal pelvis
C65.9	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified renal pelvis
C73	Malignant neoplasm of thyroid gland
D15.0	Benign neoplasm of thymus

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD), Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCA/LCD): N/A

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions

Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC